

MARKETS

NEW YORK CITY
Average price of copper for week ending Aug. 9, 25.40.

The Bisbee Daily Review

WEATHER
ARIZONA: Sunday and Monday thunderstorms, warmer.

Associated Press Special Leased Wire Service.

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BISBEE, ARIZONA, SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1916.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

25 DIE, 63 HURT: CARS COLLIDE IN EAST

Johnstown, Pa., Trolley Car Full of People Goes Wild and Tears Down Hill, Demolishing Another.

14 KILLED INSTANTLY MANY INJURED FATALITY

Car Conductor Waves Arms and Power Is Shut Off at Station, but too Late. Collision Is Terrific.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Aug. 12.—Twenty-five persons were killed and 63 injured in a head-on collision between two crowded trolley cars on the line of the Southern Cambria Traction company between Echo and Brookvale, seven miles from here today. Fourteen persons were instantly killed while the other died after being removed from the wreckage. Several more are in a critical condition and will probably die.

Cause Not Known
The cause of the accident is not known. Coroner Fitzgerald at once started an investigation. Because of lack of doctors, many of the injured were compelled to wait nearly two hours for medical treatment.

According to persons in the vicinity at the time of the wreck one car was standing still near the car barn at Echo when the other car, in charge of Motorman Angus Verner, crashed down a steep hill into it.

U. S. NOTIFIED CARRANZA DECREE NOT RETROACTIVE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Notice from Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City to the state department today that the recent Carranza decree prohibiting foreign stockholders in Mexican corporations from claiming the protection of their home governments was not retroactive, served to relieve in a measure the feeling of apprehension created here by earlier reports.

Mr. Rogers reported that the decree was intended to apply to corporations hereafter formed and apparently it will not affect the existing big American and other foreign oil and mining companies.

Thus department officials see no urgent reason for immediate protest. They said, however, that the United States government by no means is prepared to submit quietly to creation of any such precedent as is involved in the new decree.

CONSTABLE KILLS TWO MEXICANS AND IS WOUNDED IN FIGHT

TOMBSTONE, Aug. 12.—(Special)—Advisers were received here this afternoon that Constable John Wright of Courtland was wounded and two Mexicans killed in a fight between them this morning. It seems that the two Mexicans had broken into a house in the vicinity of Courtland and the matter was reported to Mr. Wright. He at once started in pursuit and had reached a point about two miles from Courtland in some little hills when the Mexicans opened fire on him. His horse was shot from under him and he was shot through the leg at the first fire of the Mexicans. He got off his horse and returned the fire of the Mexicans and emptied his six-shooter at them. He saw them both fall to the ground but his examination exhausted and his leg bleeding badly he started to get away from the scene. He crawled on his hand and knees a distance of about a mile, to McKinney's ranch where he secured aid and he was at once taken to the Shannon Mining company hospital at Gleason where his wound was dressed.

UNPATRIOTIC GUARD RELEASED BY COURT; TO BE APPEALED.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Secretary Baker, Attorney General Gregory and Judge Advocate General Crowder today decided that the action of the federal court in Boston in ordering the release of a Massachusetts guardsman in Camp at Framingham, after he refused to take the new federal oath, is of such far reaching consequences that an effort would be made to have the government's appeal expedited to the circuit court of appeals and ultimately to the supreme court. As a consequence of the decision four other guardsmen of a Massachusetts regiment have applied for writs of habeas corpus to secure their release from military service.

PAGE GIRL DIES OF EPIDEMIC IN N. Y.

Daughter-in-law of U. S. Ambassador to England Dies of Infantile Paralysis after Illness of 24 Hours.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Mrs. Frank Copeland Page, daughter-in-law of Walter Hine Page, United States ambassador to England, died of infantile paralysis late today at her summer home in South Garden City, L. I. She was 25 years old and had been ill since yesterday.

Was June Bride
Mrs. Page who was Katherine Seton, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Seton of Auburn, N. Y., was married to the son of the ambassador June 3 last. She was a graduate of Smith College, and first met Mr. Page at a dinner given at Auburn in his honor by Chas. D. Osborne, one of his classmates at Harvard.

Ambassador Page, who returned with his wife to this country yesterday, engaged rooms at a hotel in Garden City as soon as the condition of his daughter-in-law became serious. Both he and Mrs. Page were at the young woman's bedside when she died. The younger Mrs. Page recently returned with her husband from their wedding trip.

Physicians who attended her expressed the belief that she contracted infantile paralysis before returning here although the disease did not manifest itself until yesterday.

Serum Helps Many
Seven persons in New York City, all more than 18 years old, who have been cured of the disease volunteered to give some of their blood for the benefit of the serum with which health officers are experimenting. Sixty children already have been treated with the serum and it is said more than half of them show improvement.

1900 Cases in Week
Health department officials announced tonight that this has become the record week for the disease since the epidemic developed. Cases reported were 1986 against 1119 last week.

LUDY LANGER OUTWINS U. S. BEST AT ST. LOUIS.
ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—Ludy Langer of the Los Angeles A. C. won the national championship of the A. A. U. for the 88 yard swim at a meet held here today. Langer's time was 22 minutes 14 seconds.

PLAY DOUBLE HEADER AT WARREN TODAY.

Rain will not interfere with the double-header scheduled at Warren between the C. & A. and All Stars, and the Twenty-second Infantry and the Copper Queens. The first game starts at 2 o'clock sharp. Admission is 25 cents.
Gregory, a new man from Texas, with a record of sixteen victories and no defeats, will hurl for the All Stars, Martin for the C. J. A. For the soldiers Mack is expected to open and for the Copper Queens either Deardorff or Williams.
The grounds were graded yesterday afternoon under the supervision of Bill Gallagher, who pronounces them faster than they've yet been this season.

Spirit of Revolt Flames Forth Anew Over Chihuahua; 100 Merchants Arrested For Plots

ARBITRATION TO WIN; RAILWAY STRIKE MAY NOT START

Optimism Prevails Among President's Peace Makers, as Contending Forces Decide on Further Parley.

EXPECT TO VOTE FOR ARBITRATION TODAY

Board to Determine Solution to be Enlarged, While Discussions Will be Confined to Present Demands.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Notwithstanding the failure of mediation to bring together the representatives of the railroads of the country and their 400,000 employees on the demand for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime, the threatened strike that would tie up 225 railroad systems and throw 1,500,000 railway workers out of employment, may be averted by arbitration.

An agreement to this effect may be entered into tomorrow. It was predicted here today. At the end of a day of confusing situations and contradictory reports, the leaders of the four railroad brotherhoods and the members of the United States board of mediation and conciliation, which is striving to effect a peaceful settlement at the special request of President Wilson, viewed the situation optimistically.

It has been virtually conceded that arbitration under the present provisions of the Newlands act would not be satisfactory to the men, but an expansion of the board provided for may be accepted by them with the proviso that only their present demands are to be arbitrated. The railroads have maintained that in the event of arbitration, not only the demands of their employees but the roads "continent proposition" which is based on the eight-hour day but eliminates the double compensation features, should be arbitrated.

Several times during the day's negotiations between the mediators and the trainmen it seemed as if the men were on the point of withdrawing from further parley.

When the situation reached a point where President Wilson had intervened, Mr. Wm. Garretson, president of the order of railroad conductors, authorized a statement which clearly indicated the brotherhoods would not oppose such action.

An invitation of the president of the United States, said Mr. Garretson, is tantamount to a command. If he summons us to Washington we will go. But it must be understood that the president has no more power in this matter than the mediators.

The next move is up to the railroads, Mr. Garretson said, in view of the fact that they had requested the services of the mediators.

Deep Laid Conspiracies Being Cooked Up to Seize Juarez, Chihuahua City and Overthrow De Factos.

CITIZENS ORDERED TO GIVE UP ARMS

Unrest Grows With Reports of Growing Strength of Villa, Soon to Declare Friendship for U. S.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
CHIHUAHUA CITY, Aug. 12.—A revolutionary plot to seize Chihuahua City has been frustrated by the arrest of the leaders, composed of bandit chieftains, according to General Trevino.

Among the one hundred held are Jose Inez Salazar, recently arrested after the "bloody revolution;" Felix Terrazas, H. Ramos Ricardo, former adherents of Pascual Orozco; General Enlilio Ortiz, Colonel Ventura Rodriguez, Lieutenant Colonel Felix Delgado and Captain A. Galo, Villistas recently arrested, and Pedro Beltran, Jose J. Virgilio Dominguez, E. Bernal and Joaquin Duran, all leading civilians.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
EL PASO, Aug. 12.—An undercurrent of unrest is manifesting itself in various cities in Chihuahua, according to reports here tonight. These reports emanating from several apparently reliable sources, indicated that there has been no concerted movement anywhere in the state to overthrow the de facto government, but that numbers of agitators apparently under no central organization, have been attempting to foment revolutions.

Embroid Many Cities.
The revolutionary plots, which apparently have been developed within the last few weeks have centered in Chihuahua City and Juarez, although according to private dispatches, persons charged with being connected with revolutionary cabals have been taken into custody in Parral, Jimenez and other of the small cities.

Leading Men Arrested.
In the state capital upward of one hundred men of prominence, all of whom have been connected with the Villa, the Madero, the Orozco and others of the various political factions, have been arrested on a charge of attempting to seize the city, and are now awaiting trial for treason.

In Juarez today orders were issued that all persons in that Mexican town across the border, other than the military, the customs and municipal authorities, must surrender their arms before 8 o'clock tonight, because of the presence of persons attempting to incite revolt. Hundreds of weapons were collected.

It was generally believed tonight, that the 1,100 troops recently brought to Juarez and the recent arrival there of General Gabriel Gaviro, inspector general of the Carranza army, and General Jose Gutierrez, military director of the Mexican national railways, was a result of the various rebellious plots and counter plots recently unearthed.

Private dispatches said that Villa, in the Mapini district has recovered from his recent repulses at the hands of General Matias Ramos' troops and is being rejoined by members of his scattered garrisons and is regaining by recruiting.

PRESIDENT RAPS HUGHES' STAND ON SUFFRAGE ISSUE

"Both Parties Favored Suffrage," He Says, "Candidate Can Hardly Deviate from Platform."

PROMISES TO AID AS PLATFORM PERMITS

Wilson Tells Jane Jefferson Club Woman's Part in Peace and War Cannot be Gainsaid by Any Man.

DENVER, Aug. 12.—President Wilson outlined his position on equal suffrage for women in a letter to the Jane Jefferson Democratic club, a woman's organization, and make public tonight at its annual banquet.

"One of the strongest forces behind equal suffrage sentiment in the country," says the president, "is the now demonstrated fact that in suffrage states women interest themselves in public questions, study them thoroughly, form their opinions and divide as men do concerning them."

Referring to advocates of state and national action on suffrage the letter continues: "Both great political parties of the nation have in their recent platforms favored the extension of suffrage to women through state action, and I do not see how their candidates can consistently disregard these official declarations. I shall endeavor to make the declaration of my own party in this matter effectual by every influence that I can properly and legitimately exercise."

"Women's part in the progress of the race," the letter says, "is as apparent as man's" and "suffrage and service go hand in hand."

It adds "the war in Europe has further dispelled the notion that nations depend in times of stress wholly on their men."

DEUTSCHLAND SAFE: RUMORS OF SINKING PROVE UNFOUNDED

(By Review Leased Wire.)
PENSACOLA, Aug. 12.—Captain Lesquilt, of the French armored cruiser Amiral Anbe, which arrived here today, denied widely circulated rumors, credited to one of his comrades, to the effect that the cruiser had received a wireless message from a British patrol boat in the Atlantic saying she had sunk the German merchantman submarine Deutschland, on Tuesday, August 8. The captain asserted he had received no news whatever about the Deutschland.

French Rout Germans Over Three Mile Front At Somme, Take 1000 Prisoners; Russ Gain Many Towns

(By Review Leased Wire.)
LONDON, Aug. 12.—French and Russian forces have gained additional successes over the armies of the central powers in northern France and Galicia respectively. A sustained attack over a front of three and three quarters miles by the French against the third German line north of the Somme resulted in the capture of all the trenches to a depth of from a third to two thirds of a mile. The line of the victorious French advance extends from Hardecourt to the Somme river at Bascourt.
1000 Captured.
The village of Maurepas, which has been center of much severe fighting during the last few weeks was partly occupied by the French in the same assault. German prisoners to the number of 1,000 and 30 machine guns were captured.
Russ Gain Many Towns.
On the eastern front the Austro-Germans have been forced to give up the entire Stripa line from Tarnopol to Buczacz, which they had held since last winter. The capture of the Stripa line by the Russians followed the taking of several towns in the region of Tarnopol.
The Russian success comes closely upon their turning of the flank of the Stripa position in the north by the capture of Brody and in the south by the taking of Stanislaw. The advance of General Letchitsky continues south to Stanislaw.
The Duke of Aosta continues to advance south of Gorizia in the direction of Treviso and have occupied Ophachlaella, six miles southwest of Gorizia.

HERE'S PITCHER AUG

At El Paso the other day James York, who two weeks ago at Newton, Kansas, established what was said to be an amateur baseball record by striking out 27 players in 16 innings, bettered the feat by striking out 21 in nine innings. He fanned 12 in succession and pitched a no-hit game.
York is in El Paso as a reservist of Seventh U. S. Infantry, called back to the colors, and pitches for the regimental team.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ARTILLERY IS HERE.

Battery B, Field Artillery, Organized Militia of the District of Columbia, arrived in Warren shortly before midnight, on a special train. Four cars with 140 recruits for the First Separate Battalion, located at Naco, were switched off at Osborn and will be sent to their command post this morning by special train.
According to the officers of the train the trip was very pleasant throughout. Only one man came through damaged in the slightest. He was a negro who was thrown from the mess car and sustained a broken leg. Otherwise all of the 160 men of the battery and 110 recruits appeared in Arizona in great condition. The battery will be camped just north of the field hospital unit.
The train was under the command of Capt. G. G. Wilson. The other officers include: First Lieut. Elwood S. Moorhead, First Lieut. John R. Vanderhoof, Second Lieut. Charles S. Landers, and Second Lieut. Gerald G. McGrath. Second Lieut. Hodges, of the regular army veterinarian corps was also in the train as was Dr. White, who has the rank of first lieutenant. The command will detain this morning and camp will be pitched.

HUGHES SPEAKS AT BUTTE, MONTANA

Says Democratic Party Opposed to Progress, Lauds G. O. P., Visits Mine and Departs for Spokane.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
BUTTE, Mont., Aug. 12.—Charles E. Hughes, addressing an audience in the ball park here today, renewed his declaration of convictions and continued his attack on the administration for its foreign and Mexican policy, its appointments and its tariff policy.

Democrats "Stand Pat"
"The Democratic party," he said, "has always been a party opposed to progress." The nominee scored the administration for what he called its failure to carry out its party platform, notably the plank in the 1912 platform declaring for the maintenance of American rights abroad.

Picks on Bryan Again
"This administration in the first instance organized its state department," Mr. Hughes said, "so as to reduce its potency 25 per cent in the eyes of the world."

Recharges Graft
The nominee reiterated his declaration against the "pork barrel" methods of graft and characterized the last rivers and harbors bill as "a spectacle of shocking waste."

"And it will continue," he said, "until some American executive is willing to take his political life in his hands and come before the American people and say: 'Here I stand for businesslike methods of government, come what will.' Until that time comes we will still have to get along in a haphazard way. For the nineteenth century this way may have done, but it won't do for the twentieth."

Off to Spokane
Mr. Hughes left here at 7:25 p. m. for Spokane, where he will pass tomorrow resting. Reviewing the first week of his campaign, the nominee issued a statement saying that he was much gratified by the reception given him and expected strong support in the northwest. The coarseness which bothered him for a day or two had left him and he said he felt better at present than at any time before his nomination.

Before leaving Butte Mr. Hughes went 2000 feet underground to the second level of one of the big copper mines here, where he spent an hour inspecting the workings of the mine.

10,105 BRITISH OFFICERS KILLED.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Officers' casualty lists continue to show the severity of the fighting on the western front. The losses for one week—July 16 to 23—were: 528 killed, 1,079 wounded and 201 missing, a total of 1,799. The proportion of killed to wounded, 10 to 2, is rather higher than in the preceding fortnight.
Since the beginning of the war the British army has lost 10,105 officers killed, 21,290 wounded and 2,462 missing.

20,000 MORE MILITIAMEN ORDERED TO BORDER

Move Is Made to Stimulate Recruiting, Not to Thwart Any New Mexican Trouble, Says Baker.

WILL HAVE 175,000 TROOPS AT BORDER

Kentucky, Ohio and Vermont Guards Will Entrain Immediately. Others to Go Within Week or Two.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
SAN ANTONIO, Aug. 12.—Practically all of the troops, numbering approximately 25,000, ordered by the war department today to proceed to the border, will be sent to El Paso, General Funston announced tonight. A few will be stationed at Deming, N. M.

70,000 at El Paso
When the new movement is completed there will be an army of about 70,000 men at El Paso, including national guardsmen and regulars.

Military men here were careful to point out tonight that there is absolutely no significance in the movement, it being only a part of the general mobilization.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—All the national guard units included in President Wilson's call of June 18, not yet on the Mexican border, were ordered there today by the war department. Between 20,000 and 30,000 additional men will thus be added to the border forces. National guard forces there will number approximately 125,000 and the total of all troops on the border or in Mexico will be 175,000.

No Warlike Move.
Secretary Baker made a formal announcement that the troop movement had nothing whatever to do with the Mexican situation as such and was solely to relieve thousands of troops now held in mobilization camps only because they lack a few recruits to bring units up to fixed minimum strength.

Three States' Forces Entrain.
Today's order sends the troops from Kentucky, Ohio and Vermont to the border as soon as transportation can be arranged for them and will move all the others as soon as they are properly equipped.
The war department officials decided on their action because the troops are restive in camp and there seemed to be no prospect of recruiting while there was no prospect of movement to the border. They now expect most of the regiments will be filled before the troops leave.

Will Strengthen Border.
The Kentucky, Ohio and Vermont troops which will move practically at once will add the following units to the long border line:
Kentucky—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one company of signal corps, one field hospital and one ambulance company, mobilized at Fort Thomas.
Ohio—Two brigades of three regiments each of infantry, one squadron cavalry, one battalion field artillery, one battalion engineers, one battalion signal corps, three field hospitals, two ambulance companies, all mobilized at Columbus.
Vermont—One regiment infantry and one squadron cavalry at Clochester.

Why Discharge Denied.
Secretary Baker also made public a letter to a correspondent whose name was not disclosed and who had suggested that the government should discharge state soldiers desiring to return to their business.
The secretary wrote:
Soldiering, Duty of Army.
"A call to arms upon any body of men in the country, except the regular army, who make a profession of the military life, would inevitably interrupt business, professional and personal careers, and it is impossible to imagine any situation in which the organized militia or national guard of the several states could be summoned into the federal service without hardship and inconvenience, and yet both the constitution of the United States (Continued on Page Five.)"